

CHOKING EMERGENCIES

Conscious Victim...



If victim CAN breathe, cough or speak - DO NOT INTERFERE.



(Avoid pressing on the bottom of the breastbone.)



With thumb side inward, use other hand to give an in and upward thrust.

Repeat thrust steps until effective or until victim becomes UNCONSCIOUS.

MSDS Location: Poison Center:

Safety Supervisor:

STEPS FOR CPR EMERGENCIES

1

Unconscious Victim...

Phone 911 or other emergency respo

at both steps until victim starts breathing or until emerg

FIRST AID GUIDE



1. BLEEDING (EXTERNAL)

(Bleeding from Veins) Steady flow; dark red blood. (Bleeding from Arteries) Spurting bright red blood from wounds. Often rapid and profuse. More crifical, leading to a greater blood loss

REALMENT: Cover wound with clean compress and press mily. Elevate injured area above level of the heart if you do seeding alone. Not too light that it cuts off circulation, seedling stops. Not too light that it cuts off circulation, seep limb elevated. Seek medical attention immediately a any severe injuries.



2. BLEEDING (INTERNAL)

Vomit is red; coughed up blood; black stools or has blood; paleness; cold skin; rapid and weak pulse; lightheadedness; swollen abdomen; restlessness; bruises.

TREATMENT: For minor bleeding, use a towel and apply cold pack to reduce pain and swelling. For serious injuries, seek medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.



3. BURNS (THERMAL)

pain: blisters; swelling; skin dama

TREATMENT: Put in cool water or soaked towel. Do not use ice. Gently dry. Cover with non-fluffy bandage. Do not break blisters. Do not use sprays or ointments for 2nd and 3rd degree burns. Seek medical attention.



4. BURNS (CHEMICAL)

TREATMENT: Flush with water for 10-15 minutes. Cover with a non-fluffy clean bandage. Do not use ointments, sprays, antiseptics. Seek medical attention.



5. STINGS

Pain; itching; swelling (red); Allergic reactions - difficulty breathing or swallowing.

TREATMENT: Do not squeeze stinger. Scrape gently with dull blade or credit card to remove. Wash and apply cold compress on the wound.



6. DROWNING

Unconscious; not breathing.

TREATMENT: Support neck and back of victim. Keep victim warm. Administer CPR as needed.



Temporary unconscious; sometimes blurred vision; nausea; paleness; sweating.

TREATMENT: Lay on back, loosen clothing: if victim vomits, tilt head to the side; gently bathe face with cool water.



8. FRACTURES (SIMPLE)

Pain; swelling; deformity; inability to move limb.



9. FRACTURES (COMPOUND)

Open wound; possibly bone protruding; bleeding. TREATMENT: Compress to wound; apply splints; leave bone setting to the doctor.



10. FRACTURES (SKULL)

Possible bleeding eyes, nose & mouth; serum from ears in basal fracture.

TREATMENT: Raise head; dress wound; no stimulants; seek help immediately.



Affected part becomes red, then gray, then white; numbness TREATMENT: Thaw slowly with lukewarm (not hot) water or by gently wrapping warm blanket or clothes; do not rub limbs; if conscious, give warm drink; seek medical attention.



12. ELECTRIC SHOCK

Unconscious; breathing is difficult; burns at contact point; muscle spasms.

TREATMENT: Seek medical attention immediately. Turn off electric current. Break contact with electric source using a dry, nonmetallic object; do not touch victim until he is free from the wire. Begin GPR.

Yawning; giddiness; weariness; throbbing heart.

TREATMENT: Move to fresh air, keep an open airway; administer CPR if needed; loosen clothing; seek medical attention.



14. HEAT EXHAUSTION

Fatigue; pale face; rapid pulse; shallow breathing; cold sweat; clammy skin.

TREATMENT: Move to a cool area; lay down victim; raise feet; loosen clothling; give sips of cool salt water; fan and use wet cloth to cool victim.



Pale face; bluish skin; chills; nausea; dazed condition; partly or totally unconscious.

TREATMENT: Keep an open airway; treat the cause of shock; keep victim laying down and elevate feet; keep warm; seek medical attention, inweetiately



16. SUNSTROKE

Extremely high body temperature; hot, red, dry skin; absence of sweating; rapid pulse; convulsions.

TREATMENT: Raise head; reduce temperature by wrapping victim in cool, wet sheets. Do not give any stimulants.



17. EYE INJURIES

If eye is splashed by a chemical, flush eye immedi water, Flush eye for at least 20 minutes. While flush eyelid away from eye so as to flush the inside of the well. After flushing, close eyelid and cover eye we dressing. Seek immediate medical attention. Have or write down chemical name to give to EMS.

If victim has a black eye, apply an ice pack, cold compress, or frozen pack of vegetables to area around eye for 10-15 minutes. Do not press down on eye itself. Seek medical attention immediately if there is bleedling in the eye or nose, vision problems, severe pain.