sully (sul'i), *v.t.* [pr. & p.p. sullied, p.pr. sullying], to soil; to defile; to tarnish as with dirt; stain; as, a scandal sullies one.

sulphate (sul'fāt), *n.* a salt of sulphuric acid. [French.]

sulphide (sul'fīd), *n.* a compound of sulphur with a metal or other element.

sulphite (sul'fīt), *n.* a salt of sulphurous acid.

sulphur (sul'fur), *n.* a non-metallic element, pale kind of yellow color, insoluble in water, but soluble by heat.

sulphurate (sul'fur-āt), *v.t.* to combine with, or subject to the action of sulphur; adj. pertaining to, or of the color of, sulphur.

sulphureter (sul'fur-ēt-ėr), *n.* an apparatus for liberating by the fumes of sulphur.

sulphureous (sul-fū'rē-us), adj. partaking of, impregnated with, or having the qualities of, sulphur. Also **sulphurous**.

sulphuret (sul'fū-ret'), same as **sulphide**.

sulphuretted (sul'fū-ret-ed), adj. combined with sulphur.

sulphuric (sul-fū'rik), adj. obtained from, or containing, sulphur.

sulphuric acid (sul'fū), *n.* a heavy, corrosive liquid composed of sulphur, oxygen, and water; oil of vitriol.

sulphurous acid (sul'fū-rus ad'id), *n.* an acid composed of 2 parts of oxygen and 2 parts of sulphur.

sulphury (sul'fur-i), adj. like sulphur.

sultan (sul'tan), *n.* the title of a Mohammedan sovereign, especially the sovereign of the Ottoman Empire, before the Turkish revolution of 1918. Another spelling: [Archaic] **soldan**. [French.]

sultanate (sul'tan-āt), *n.* the rule or dominion of a sultan.

sultanship (sul'tan-ship), *n.* the office, rank, or dignity of a sultan.

sultrily (sul'tri-li), adv. oppressively.

sultriness (sul'tri-nes), *n.* the state or quality of being sultry.

sultry (sul'tri), adj. [comp. sultrier, superl. sultriest], very hot, close, and oppressive; close and heavy with a humid heat.

sum (sum), *n.* the aggregate of two or more things taken together; whole; total quantity of money, substance, or anything; original element; arithmetical problem for solution; *v.t.* [pr. & p.p. summed, p.pr. summing], to add into one general total; sometimes with *up*. [French.]

sumac (sū'mak), *n.* a plant or shrub the dried leaves and roots of which are used in tanning, dyeing, and medicine. [French.]

summarily (sum'ar-i-li), adv. in a short way or method; concisely.

summarize (sum'ar-īz), *v.t.* to state concisely. [Latin.]

summary (sum'ar-i), adj. brief; succinct; compendious; done in a short way or method; *n.* an abridgment, compendium.

summation (sum-ā'shun), *n.* the act of forming a total; aggregate.

summer (sum'ėr), *n.* that part of the year which comprises the hottest months, July, July, and August; a large piece of timber to support the ends of the joists; horizontal timber; *v.t.* to pass the summer; *v.i.* to feed or keep during the summer.

summit (sum'it), *n.* the top or highest point.

summon (sum'un), *v.t.* to cite or call by authority; commanded to appear at court; to call; cause to convene; to call a session to appear in court on a certain day; document containing such a citation; authoritative call.

sumph (sumf), *n.* the poisoned arrow used with a sumpitan.

sumpitan (sum-pit'an), *n.* a kind of long blowpipe, used by the Malays.

sumptuary (sump'tū-ar-i), adj. pertaining to, or regulating, expense.

sumptuary laws (law), n.pl. laws to limit excessive expenditure on dress or other luxuries.

sumptuous (sump'tū-us), adj. expensive; costly; luxurious; magnificent. [Latin.]

sun (sun), *n.* the luminous body around which the earth and other planets, &c., of the solar system are rolled; the source of light and heat to the earth; any center of a system of worlds; anything like the sun in splendor or power; sunshine; *v.t.* [pr. & p.p. sunned, p.pr. sunning], to expose to the sun's rays; warm or dry in the sun.