

(EXPONENT) RULES

<p style="text-align: center;">Multiplying Powers</p> <p>To multiply powers with the same base, keep the base the same and add the exponents.</p> $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ <p>1. Evaluate:</p> <p>a) $2^3 \times 2^2$ b) $3^4 \times 3^2$ c) $2^5 \times 2^4$</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Dividing Powers</p> <p>To divide powers with the same base, keep the base the same and subtract the exponents.</p> $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ <p>2. Evaluate:</p> <p>a) $4^5 \div 4^2$ b) $8^4 \div 8^3$ c) $3^5 \div 3^3$</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Power of a Power</p> <p>To simplify a power of a power, keep the base the same and multiply the exponents.</p> $(a^m)^n = a^{m \times n}$ <p>3. Evaluate:</p> <p>a) $(2^3)^2$ b) $(3^2)^3$ c) $(2^4)^2$</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Zero Exponents</p> <p>Any base raised to an exponent of zero equals 1.</p> $a^0 = 1$ <p>4. Evaluate:</p> <p>a) 5^0 b) $2^0 \times 2^3$ c) $4^0 \times 4^4$</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Negative Exponents</p> <p>Any base raised to a negative exponent is equal to the reciprocal of the base raised to a positive exponent.</p> $a^{-m} = \frac{1}{a^m} \qquad \frac{1}{a^{-m}} = a^m$ <p>5. Evaluate:</p> <p>a) 3^0 b) $2^3 \times 2^4$ c) 2^4</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Simplifying Expressions</p> <p>Simplify:</p> <p>a) $4^2 \times 4^2 \times 4^2$ b) $(2^3 \times 2^4) \times 2^2$</p> <p>c) $(2^2 \times 3)^2$ d) $(2^4 \times 2)^2$</p> <p>e) $(2^2 \times 3^2) \times 2^2$ f) 4×4^2</p>