- Born in the Dominican Republic, he was the first black ballplayer for the Detroit Tigers. In his home debut as a Tiger, on June 17, 1958, he batted five for five.
- Because blacks were often denied treatment at Detroit's medical institutions, this hospital, organized by a group of 30 African-American doctors, opened its doors in 1918 in a home on Frederick Street, which still stands today. Name it.
- The Marvelettes, the Motown girl group from Inkster, rejected this Holland-Dozier-Holland song, so the Supremes recorded it in 1964, scoring their first No. 1 hit. What was the song?
- In the 1880s, he became the first African-American elected to the Detroit City Council.
- In 1972, she was the first African-American woman elected to the Detroit City Council.
- Although she was born in New Orleans and brought up in California, this famous soprano/mezzo-soprano taught at the University of Michigan and lived in Ann Arbor from 1996 until her death last November.
- In 1925, a black gynecologist moved with his family into a white neighborhood on Garland Street, on Detroit's east side. A white mob assembled outside the house and shots were fired from within, killing one man and wounding another. Defended by noted lawyer Clarence Darrow, the doctor was acquitted. What was his name?
- Although this famous inventor was born in Canada in the 1840s, he lived in Detroit

TEST YOUR knowledge

(on Lincoln Avenue) and is buried in Warren. Name him.

- Martin Luther King Jr. visited Detroit in 1963, delivering an early version of his "I Have a Dream" speech at Cobo Hall. Five years later (and three weeks before he was assassinated), he spoke at a high school in a Detroit suburb. Which school was it?
- In 1949, this social club was formed for professional African-Amerians.
- This civil-rights advocate moved to Detroit in 1957.
- It wasn't until 1967 that Detroit had its first black TV anchor, who worked at what was then WWJ/Channel 4. Who was it?
- These two famous abolitionists met at a Detroit home in 1859.
- In 1955, he became the first African-American from Michigan elected to the U.S. House of Representatives.
- In 1965, this medical doctor opened the International Afro-American Museum in his office on West Grand Boulevard. Name him.
- In 1975, this station signed on from its studio on East Jefferson, becoming the first African-American-owned television station in the United States.