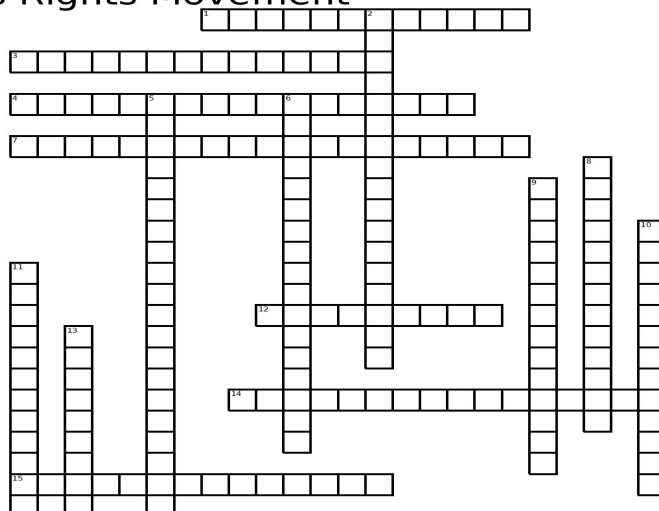


# Women's History Month

## Test Your Knowledge of Famous Women Leaders of the Women's Rights Movement



### Across

- 1 The first female justice of peace, she lobbied to pass a landmark suffrage law in Wyoming that helped make Wyoming famous as the Equality State
- 3 A sex educator, nurse and birth control activist, she coined the term birth control, opened the first U. S. birth control clinic and established Planned Parenthood
- 4 She served as president of the National American Woman Suffrage Association and founded the League of Women Voters and the International Alliance of Women
- 7 In 1871, she moved to Portland to found The New Northwest, a weekly newspaper devoted to women's rights and helped make Oregon the seventh state in the US to pass a women's suffrage amendment
- 12 The original author of a proposed Equal Rights Amendment in 1923, she formed the National Woman's Party, which held the first political protest to picket the White House
- 14 A founding member of the NAACP, she was a journalist, speaker, anti-lynching crusader, suffragist, and women's rights advocate. She was also one of the first black women to run for public office in the United States when she ran in 1930 for the Illinois State legislature
- 15 The first ordained female Methodist minister in the United States, she was a physician who fought for the women's suffrage movement

### Down

- 2 One of the first African-American women to earn a college degree, she was appointed to the District of Columbia Board of Education in 1895. This daughter of former slaves was a journalist and activist who worked with the National American Woman Suffrage Association and founded the Federation of Afro-American Women
- 5 She drafted and presented the Declaration of Sentiments at the Seneca Falls Convention
- 6 A founding member of the National Woman Suffrage Association with Anthony and Stanton, she led the New York Woman Suffrage Association
- 8 This writer and activist co-founded Ms. Magazine in 1972
- 9 Born into slavery, this is her self-given name. An abolitionist and women's rights activist, she spoke at the Ohio Women's Rights Convention in 1851
- 10 An abolitionist and suffragist, she traveled the US speaking and canvassing; also convinced University of Rochester to admit women and successfully voted in the 1872 presidential election for which she was arrested
- 11 Wrote The Feminine Mystique and founded and was elected the first President of the National Organization for Women
- 13 The first woman to earn a college degree in MA, she was also the first recorded American woman to retain her own name after marriage; helped establish both Women's National Loyal League and American Woman Suffrage Association