behave (be-hāv'), v.t. to conduct, comport, or acquit: v.i. to act; conduct one's self in a proper manner.
behavior (bē-hāv'yēr), n. manner of behaving, whether good or bad; conduct; deportment; manners.
behead (be-hed'), v.t. to cut off the

duct; deportment; manners.

behead (be-hed'), v.t. to cut off the head of.

beheld (bē-held'), p.t. & p.p. of behold.

behemoth (bē-hē'moth), n. an animal described in Job xl. 15-24, and probably intended for the hippopotamus. [Hebrew.]

behest (be-hest'), n. a command; precept.

cept.

behind (be-hind'), prep. at the back of; in the rear of; remaining after; inferior to: adv. at the back; in the rear; toward the back; out of sight; past in point of time.

behindhand (be-hind'hand), adv. or adj. in a state of backwardness; late; in arrear

behindhand (be-hind'hand), adv. or adj. in a state of backwardness; late; in arrear.
behold (be-hōld'), v.t. [p.t. & p.p. beheld, p.pr. beholding], to fix the eyes upon; have in sight; look at; observe with care: v.i. to look; direct or fix the mind.
beholden (be-hōl'dn), p.adj. indebted; obliged; bound in gratitude.
behoof (be-hōōl'), n. advantage; interest; profit; use; behalf.
behoove or behove (be-hōōv'), v.t. to be meet, necessary, or fit for.
beige (bāzh), adj. having its natural color, as a fabric of undyed wool.
being, p.pr. of be.
being (bē'ing), n. existence, as opposed to non-existence; that which exists in any form, whether actual or ideal.
bejewel (be-jū'el), v.t. [p.t. & p.p. -ed, p.pr. -ing], to ornament or furnish with jewels.
bekko-ware (bek'ō-wār), n. an ancient kind of Japanese pottery in imitation of tortoise-shell.
belabor (bē-lā'bēr), v.t. to beat sound-ly.

belabor (be-la'ber), v.t. to beat sound-

belate (bē-lāt'), v.t. to make late, or retard.

belated (bē-lā'ted), p.adj. delayed; too late; overtaken by darkness; benighted.

belay (be-lā'), v.t. make fast, as a rope, by winding round a pin, cleat, &c.

belaying-pin (be-lā'ing-pin), n. a stout pin of wood or metal used to

fasten a rope by keeping it from run-

belch (belch), v.t. to eject with force or violence: v.i. to eject wind from the stomach: n. the act of ejecting wind forcibly.

beldam (bel'dam) or beldame (bel'dām), n. a grandmother; an ugly old woman.

woman.

beleaguer (bē-lē'gēr), v.t. to besiege; surround with an army so as to preclude escape; blockade.

belemnite (bel'em-nīt), n. the fossil internal bone, or shell, of an extinct family of cuttle-fish.

belfry (bel'fri), n. a bell tower; that part of a steeple or tower in which a bell is hung.

Belgravian (bel-grā'vi-an), adj. belonging to Belgravia, a fashionable quarter of London: hence, aristocratic; fashionable: n. an inhabitant of Belgravia; a member of the upper Belgravia; a member of the upper classes

der by lies; give the lie to; show to

belie (bē-lī'), v.t. to calumniate; slander by lies; give the lie to; show to be false.

belief (be-lēf'), n. assent to anything proposed or declared, and its acceptance as fact, by reason of the authority whence it proceeds, apart from personal knowledge; faith; the thing believed; the whole body of tenets held by the professors of any faith; a creed; a conviction.

believability (be-lē-va-bil'i-ti), n. credibility; credence; believableness.

believable (be-lē'va-bl), adj. capable of being accepted as truth; credible.

believe (be-lēv'), v.t. to place credence in and accept as true, upon the ground of authority, testimony, or logical inference apart from personal knowledge; place confidence in; expect or hope: v.i. to have faith; be more or less firmly persuaded of the truth of anything; think or suppose.

suppose.

believer (be-lever), n. one who accepts as truth something not actually demonstrated; one who adheres to a religious faith; a professor of Christian

tianity.

belike (be-lik'), adv. probably.

belittle (be-lit'l), v.t. to lower or depreciate; run down by speaking slightingly of.

āte, ärm, at, awl; mē, mērge, met; mīte, mit; nōte, nôrth, not; bōōn, book; hūe, hut; think, then.