

- sical instrument the tones of which are produced by friction from a number of musical glasses filled to various heights with water; a mouth-organ; an oblong musical instrument consisting of a number of glass slips which are struck by a mallet. Also harmonicon.
- harmonically** (här-mon'i-ka-li), *adv.* in a harmonic manner.
- harmonic triad** (tri'ad), *n.* the common chord, consisting of its third and perfect fifth.
- harmonious** (här-mō'ni-us), *adj.* concordant; musical; symmetrical.
- harmoniphon** (här-mon'i-fōn), *n.* a musical wind instrument with reeds and a keyboard.
- harmonist** (här'mō-nist), *n.* one who is skilled in harmony; an expounder of the harmony of the Scriptures, especially of the Gospels.
- harmonium** (här-mō'ni-um), *n.* a reed-organ.
- harmonize** (här'mō-niz), *v.t.* to render harmonious; cause to agree; reconcile: *v.i.* to agree; be in peace and friendship; correspond.
- harmony** (här'mō-ni), *n.* [*pl.* harmonies (här'mō-niz)], the quality of being pleasing to the ear; unison; just adaptation of parts to one another, so as to form a connected whole; accord in feeling, sentiment, &c.; a literary work showing the agreement between parallel or similar histories or passages.
- harness** (här'nes), *n.* the working gear of a horse; the accoutrement and armor of a knight; any arrangement, as of straps, &c., for performing some mechanical operation: *v.t.* to put harness upon; equip, as a knight.
- harp** (härp), *n.* a musical stringed instrument of triangular shape, played with the fingers: *v.i.* to play on the harp; dwell tediously or persistently on some particular subject (with *on* or *upon*).
- harping** (härp'ing), *n.* the act of playing upon a harp: *pl.* the breadth of a ship at the bow.
- harpoon** (här-pōōn'), *n.* a long barb-headed spear having a line attached to the staff, for striking and killing whales: *v.t.* to strike with a harpoon.
- harpsichord** (härp'si-kōrd), *n.* a stringed instrument with a keyboard, the precursor of the pianoforte.
- harp** (här'pi), *n.* [*pl.* harpies (här'piz)], in classical mythology, one of two winged monsters, usually called Aëlo and Ocypeté, the daughters of Neptune and Terra, with a woman's face, and the body and sharp claws of a vulture, exceedingly rapacious and filthy: hence, an extortioner.
- arquebus** (här'kwe-bus), *n.* an ancient form of fire-arm used in the fifteenth century and fired by a sort of taper. It resembles a musket without a butt. Also arquebus, later, hackbut. [French.]
- harridan** (har'i-dan), *n.* an ugly ill-tempered old woman. [French.]
- harrier** (har'i-ēr), *n.* a variety of dog used for hunting hares; a species of hawk.
- harrow** (har'ō), *n.* an agricultural instrument for breaking up clods and casting earth upon sown land: *v.t.* to break up, tear, or draw over with a harrow; lacerate or torment.
- harry** (har'i), *v.t.* [*p.t.* & *p.p.* harried, *p.pr.* harrying], to plunder, lay waste; annoy or vex; tease; harass: *v.i.* to make predatory raids.
- harsh** (härsh), *adj.* discordant; jarring; rough to the ear, taste, or touch; austere.
- hart** (härt), *n.* the male of the red deer.
- hartbeest** (härt'bēst), *n.* a large African antelope. [Dutch.]
- hartshorn** (hartz'hörn), *n.* the antler of a hart; a volatile preparation of ammonia.
- hart's-tongue** (hartz'tung), *n.* a British fern.
- harum-scarum** (här'um-skär'um), *adj.* giddy; wild; reckless.
- haruspex** (ha-rus'peks), *n.* [*pl.* haruspices (ha-rus'pi-sēz)], an ancient Roman diviner or soothsayer who foretold events by inspecting the entrails of sacrificial victims. Also aruspex.
- harvest** (här'vest), *n.* the season of reaping and gathering in the harvest: *v.t.* to gather in, as corn; reap.
- harvest-home** (här'vest-hōm), *n.* a harvest festival.
- harvest-moon** (här'vest-mōōn), *n.*

äte, ärm, at, awl; mē, mērgē, met; mīte, mit; nōte, nōrth, not; bōōn, boōx; hūe, hut; think, then.