chortle (chôr'tl), v.t. to chuckle and snort.

chorus (kō'rus), n. a number singing in concert; a concerted piece of music; a band of singers and dancers in a Greek drama.

chosen (chō'zen), adj. selected; choice. chouse (chous), v.t. to cheat; swindle. chow-chow (chou'chou), adj. an East Indian mixed pickle. [Chinese.] chowder (chou'der), n. a dish of fresh fish; clams stewed together with green corn, chickens, onions, pork, biscuits, &c. [French.] christ (krizm), n. consecrated oil.

Christ (krizm), n. "The Anointed"; a name given to Jesus of Nazareth, synonymous with the Hebrew Messial.

siah.

christen (kris'n), v.t. to baptize and give a Christian name to; to denominate.

Christendom (kris'n-dum), n. countries whose inhabitants profess the Christian faith; Christians collec-

Christian faith; Christians collectively.

Christian (kris'chan), n. a professor of the religion of Christ: adj. professing the religion of Christ.

Christian era (ē'ra), n. the present era reckoned from the birth of Christ.

Christian Science (sī'ens), n. a system of religion founded by Mary Baker Eddy in 1866; based upon the Scriptures, especially the teachings of Christ Jesus, and fully stated in the text-book, Science and Health. It shows "the scientific relation of man to God," and teaches that moral and physical healing results from the understanding of spiritual law.

Christianity (kris-chi-an'i-ti), n. the precepts and doctrines taught by Christ.

Christianize (kris'chan-īz), v.t. to convert to Christianity.

Christ.

Christianize (kris'chan-īz), v.t. to convert to Christianity. [Greek.]

Christmas (kris'mas), n. the festival (Dec. 25) celebrating the birth of

Christmastide (kris'mas-tīd), n.
Christmas Eve (Dec. 24) to Epiphany (Jan. 6).
chromascope (krō'ma-skōp), n. an instrument to show the optical effects of color. [Greek.]
chromate (krō'māt), n. a salt of chromic acid.

chortle (chôr'tl), v.t. to chuckle and snort.

chorus (kō'rus), n. a number singing in concert; a concerted piece of music; a band of singers and dancers

chromatic (krō-mat'ik), adj. relating to colors; including notes not belong ing to the diatonic scale: n. a note affected by an accidental; pl. that branch of optics which treats of

chromatometer (krō-ma-tom'e-ter),

colors.
chromatometer (krō-ma-tom'e-ter),
n. a scale for measuring colors.
chromatrope (krō'ma-trōp), n. a revolving magic-lantern slide.
chrome (krōm), n. chromium: v.t. to
dye in a bath of bichromate of potash.
chromium (krō'mi-um), n. a steelgray metal, one of the elements.
chromo (krō'mō), n. [pl. chromos
(krō'mōz)], a chromo-lithograph or
picture produced by chromo-lithography. [Greek.]
chromogen (krō'mō-jen), n. the coloring matter of plants.
chromograph (krō'mō-graf), n. an
apparatus for duplicating circulars,
oil-paintings, &c.; a hectograph.
chromo-lithography (krō-mō-lithog'ra-fī), n. the art of printing in
colors from stone.
chromosphere (krō'mō-sfēr), n. the
rose-colored outer envelope of the
sun.
chronic (kron'ik), adj. continuing a
long time or requiring; seid of a

chronic (kron'ik), adj. continuing a long time, or recurring: said of a disease. [Greek.]
chronically (kron'i-ka-li), adv. in a chronic manner.
chronogram (kron'ō-gram), n. an inscription which includes in it the date of some event.
chronograph (kron'ō-graf), n. an instrument for recording minute intervals of time.
chronological (kron-ō-loj'i-kal), adj. relating to, or containing an account of, past events in the order of time.
chronologically (kron-ō-loj'i-ka-li), adv. in a chronological manner.
chronologist (krō-nol'ō-jist), n. one versed in chronology. Also chronological.

oger.

chronologize (krō-nol'ō-jīz), v.t. to arrange in historical sequence.

chronology (krō-nol'ō-ji), n. [pl. chro-nologies (krō-nol'ō-jiz)], the science that treats of events and arranges their dates in proper sequence.

chronometer (krō-nom'e-tēr), n. an instrument for measuring time with extreme accuracy.

āte, ärm, at, awl; mē, mērge, met; mīte, mit; nōte, nôrth, not; bōōn, book; hūe, hut; think, then.