halberd (hal'berd), n. a mediæval weapon consisting of a long staff to which an axe was affixed with a spear-like point. [Old French.] haleyon (hal'si-un), adj. pertaining to the kingfisher; peaceful; happy; calm: n. the kingfisher, from the fable that its hatching season was in calm weather. [Greek.] hale (hāi), adj. sound bodily; healthy; hearty: v.t. to drag or draw by violence.

half (häf), n. [pl. halves (hävz)], one of two equal parts; a school term; in football, a half-back: adv. equally; partly: adj. consisting of a half; ap-

proximating.

half-and-half, n. a mixture of ale and porter, or of old and new ale.

half-blood (häf'blud), n. one whose parents are of different races; relationship between persons who have one parent in common.

half-breed (häf'brēd), n. a person of mixed blood; as, an Indian half-breed.

mixed blood; as, an Indian half-breed.

half-caste (häf'kast), n. a person of an East Indian parent on one side and of a European on the other. See Eurasian.

rasian.

halibut (hal'i-but), n. a large edible flatfish.

halicore (hal'i-kōr), n. the dugong.

hali (hawl), n. a large room for the transaction of public business, entertainments, &c.; a court of justice; the first large room of a house; a manor-house; a college diningroom; the dinner served there; the public room of a corporation or guild; at Oxford and Cambridge a minor college.

hallelujah (hal-e-lōō'ya), n. (Hebrew, Praise ye Jehovah) an ascription of praise to God; a musical composition having as its theme such an ascription of praise: adj. singing, or containing, hallelujah. Also alleluiah.

hallelujah lad (lad), n. a youth who becomes a member of the Salvation Army.

Army.

hallelujah lass (las), n. a female member of the Salvation Army.

halliard, same as halyard.

hall-mark (hawl'märk), n. the official mark of the Goldsmiths' Company and other English assay offices, at-

testing the quality of the gold and silver articles on which it is impressed: hence a mark or proof of

silver articles on which it is impressed: hence a mark or proof of genuineness.

halloo (hal-lōō') and hullo (hul-lō'), interj. an exclamation to call attention to or cheer one; a shout to attract attention, or to cheer or urge on: v.t. to shout out; incite or cheer on, as dogs: v.i. to cry out loudly. Also holloa.

hallow (hal'ō), v.t. to consecrate; devote to sacred purposes; revere.

Halloween (hal-ō-ēn'), n. the Eve of All Saints or All Hallows, Oct 31.

hallucination (hal-lōō-si-nā'shun), n. belief in something imaginary; delusion; error. [Latin.]

halo (hā'lō), n. a ring or circle of light round the sun or moon, caused by refraction; a ring of light. [Latin.] halogen (hal'ō-jen), n. an element as chlorine, bromine, iodine, and fluorine, which forms saline compounds by combining with other elements. [Greek.]

haloid (hal'oid), adj. resembling salt; a halogenetic salt.

halt (hawlt), n. the act of limping; a stop in marching: adj. crippled or lame: v.i. to be lame; limp; be dubious or hesitate; to stop in marching.

halter (hawl'tēr), n. one who halts; a

halter (hawl'ter), n. one who halts; a rope for hanging criminals; a rope for leading or holding a horse: v.t. to put on, or secure with, a halter.

halve (haw), v.t. to divide into two equal parts; fasten together, as timbers.

halves, pl. of half.
halyard (hal'yärd), n. a rope or tackle
for hoisting a sail, flag, &c. Also
haliard.

halliard.

ham (ham), n. the hinder part of the thigh; a thigh of an animal, especially a pig, salted and smoked; a house; village: in place—names of Anglo-Saxon origin, as Tottenham.

Hamamelis (ham-a-mē'lis), n. an order of shrubs, to which the witch-hazel belongs, and from which a medicinal extract is obtained.

Hamburg (ham'bērg), n. a rich kind of black grape; a breed of black domestic fowl; a large and fierce rat.

hame (hām), n. one of the curved

āte, ärm, at, awl; mē, mērge, met; mīte, mit; nōte, nôrth, not; bōōn, book; hūe, hut; think, then.