sully (sul'i), v.t. [p.t. & p.p. sullied, p.pr. sullying], to tarnish or soil; dirty; stain: n. a tarnish or stain.
sulphate (sul'fāt), n. a salt of sulphuric acid. [Greek.]
sulphide (sul'fīd), n. a compound of sulphur with a metal or other element.

**sulphite** (sul'fīt), n. a salt of sulphurous acid.

sulphur (sul'fēr), n. a non-metallic element, brittle and of yellow color, insoluble in water, but fusible by

heat.

sulphurate (sul'fēr-āt), v.t. to combine with, or subject to the action of, sulphur: adj. pertaining to, or of the color of, sulphur.

sulphurator (sul'fēr-ā-tēr), n. an apparatus for bleaching by the fumes of sulphur.

sulphureous (sul-fū'rē-us), adj. consisting of, impregnated with, or having the qualities of, sulphur. Also sulphurous.

sulphuret (sul-fū-ret'), same as sul-

sulphuret (sul-fū-ret'), same as sul-

phide.

sulphuretted (sul'fū-ret-ed), adj. combined with sulphur.

sulphuric (sul-fū'rik), adj. obtained from, or containing, sulphur.

sulphuric acid (as'id), n. a heavy, corrosive liquid composed of sulphur, oxygen, and water; oil of vitriol.

phur, oxygen, and water; oil of vitriol.

sulphurous acid (sul'fū-rus as'id), n. an acid composed of 2 parts of oxygen and 2 parts of sulphur.

sulphury (sul'fōr-i), adj. like sulphur.

sultan (sul'tan), n. the title of a Mohammedan sovereign, especially the sovereign of the Ottoman Empire, before the Turkish revolution of 1910. Feminine sultana. [Arabic.] sultanate (sul'tan-āt), n. the rule or dominion of a sultan.

sultanship (sul'tan-ship), n. the office, rank, or dignity of a sultan.

sultrily (sul'tri-li), adv. oppressively. sultriness (sul'tri-nes), n. the state or quality of being sultry.

sultry (sul'tri), adj. [comp. sultrier, superl. sultriest], very hot, close, and oppressive; close and heavy with a moist heat.

sum (sum), n. the aggregate of two or more things taken together;

āte, ärm, at, awl; mē, mērge, met; mī

whole; total; quantity of money, substance; compendium; utmost degree; arithmetical problem for solution: v.t. [p.t. & p.p. summed, p.pr. summing], to add into one amount; condense into few words. [French.] sumac (sū'mak), n. a plant or shrub the dried leaves and roots of which are used in tanning, dyeing, and medicine. [French.]
summarily (sum'a-ri-li), adv. in a short way or method; concisely. summarize (sum'a-ri), adj. brief; laconic; compendious; done in a short way or method: n. an abridgment; compendium.
summation (sum-ā'shun), n. the act of forming a total; aggregate. summer (sum'ēr), n. that part of the year which comprises the hottest months, June, July, and August; a large piece of timber to receive the ends of the joists; horizontal girder: v.i. to pass the summer: v.t. to feed or keep during the summer: summit (sum'it), n. the top or highest point.

summit (sum'it), n. the top or highest point.

summon (sum'un), v.t. to cite or call by authority; command to appear in court; invite; rouse to exertion: n.pl. a citation to appear in court on a certain day; document containing such a citation; authoritative call.

sumpit (sum'pit), n. the poisoned arrow used with a sumpitan.

sumpitan (sum'pi-tan), n. a kind of long blowpipe, used by the Malays.

sumptuary (sump'tū-a-ri), adj. pertaining to, or regulating, expense.

sumptuary laws (lawz), n.pl. laws to limit excessive expenditure on dress or other luxuries.

sumptuous (sump'tū-us), adj. expensive; costly; luxurious; magificent. [Latin.]

sun (sun), n. the luminous body around which the earth, and other planets, &c., of the solar system revolve; the source of light and heat to the earth; any center of a system of worlds; anything like the sun in splendor or power; sunshine: v.t. [p.t. & p.p. sunned, p.pr. sunning], to expose to the sun's rays; warm or dry in the sun.

mit; note, north, not; boon, book; āte, arm, at, awl; mē, mērge, met; mīte, mit; nō hūe, hut; think, then.